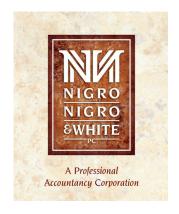
OCEANSIDE, CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

AUDIT REPORT

June 30, 2008



OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

June 30, 2008

CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Funds	23
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	24

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT

June 30, 2008

CONTENTS (continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION	Page
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	51
Schedules of Funding Progress	52
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION	
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	53
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	54
Schedule of Instructional Time	55
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	56
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	57
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements	58
Schedule of Excess Sick Leave	59
Schedule of Charter Schools	60
Notes to the Supplementary Information	61
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	63
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	65
Auditors' Report on State Compliance	67
FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION	
Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	69
Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	73



A Professional
Accountancy Corporation

Jeff Nigro, CPA
Elizabeth Nigro, CPA
Christy White, CPA

MURRIETA OFFICE PH: 951.698.8783 FAX: 951.699.1064 25090 Jefferson Avenue Murrieta, CA 92562

SAN DIEGO OFFICE PH: 619.270.8222 FAX: 619.260.9085 2727 Camino Del Rio S. Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

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Board of Trustees Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oceanside Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Oceanside Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oceanside Unified School District as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2008 on our consideration of the Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

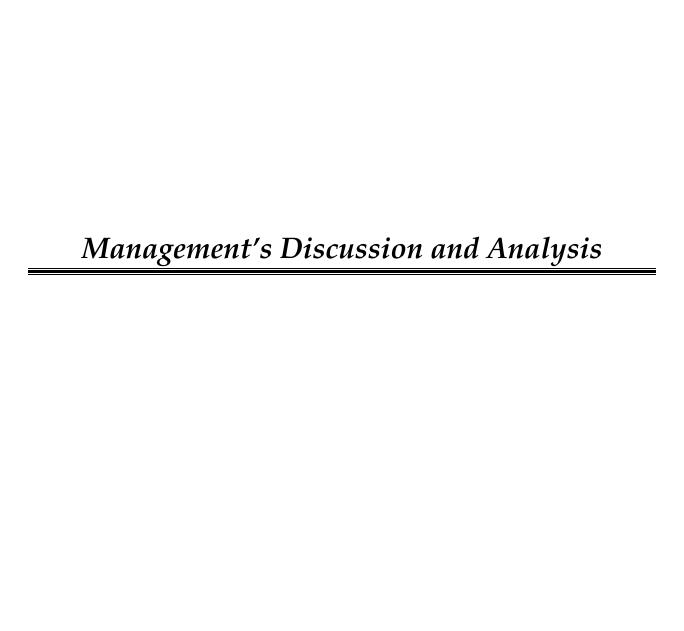
The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13, and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents as pages 52 and 53 are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Oceanside Unified School District's, basic financial statements. The accompanying financial and statistical information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

San Diego, California

Rigio Rigio Flitate, PC

December 5, 2008



OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

June 30, 2008

This section of the Oceanside Unified School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the district's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2008.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$4.2 million in 2007-08, leaving an ending balance of \$20.4 million.
- > The District continued to maintain state-required reserves, with \$7.0 million designated for economic uncertainties at year-end, which is \$3.4 million less than the prior year. This represents 4% of total budget, compared to the 3% minimum reserve required by the state.
- > Student enrollment increases by 75 pupils in 2007-08 compared to the prior year.
- Construction was completed on the new Cesar Chavez Middle School, which opened in February 2008. The first phase of Modernization at El Camino High School commenced the beginning of July. The district also set in motion the demolition of San Rafael Elementary, in order to prepare its use as a swing site for future construction; and the modernization of Del Rio Elementary, which started after the 2007-08 school year ended. Plans for architectural designs are in process for several elementary and middle school projects to be modernized out of future Prop H bond proceeds. Total capital outlay for facility construction came to \$16.1 million for the 2007-08 fiscal year.
- ➤ District long-term liabilities decreased by \$2 million, the majority of this due to the repayment of general obligation bonds for facility construction.
- ➤ Overall, net assets increased by \$8.9 million for the district.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2008

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Government, issued in 1999. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction and a comparative analysis of the financial statements for the current and prior years.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the district as a whole, providing both short-term and long-term information about the district's overall financial status using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all district assets and liabilities, such as land, buildings and long-term debt. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statements, regardless of when cash is received or paid (full accrual).

The district-wide statements report the district's *net assets* and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the district's assets and liabilities – are one measure of the district's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are an indicator off whether the district's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

District-wide financial statements distinguish between *governmental activities* and *business-type activities*. Since Oceanside Unified School District has no business-type activities, all district operations are reported within the category of governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the component funds that jointly comprise the district budget. Funds are accounting devices used to track specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required by state law; others are established to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying long-term debt), or to show that certain revenues are properly used.

The governmental fund financial statements tell how district operations were financed, as well as what remains for future spending. They provide a detailed view of the *short-term* financial position of the district, without consideration of long-term assets and liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

Table A-1 below shows that district assets totaled \$277 million as of June 30, 2008. Cash deposits with the County Treasury represent a significant component of district assets at \$51.3 million. Facilities represent the largest component, with buildings valued at \$204.5 million plus an additional \$13.4 million for facilities under construction (work in progress). Land plus site improvements are valued at \$24.3 million and equipment at \$16.3 million. It should be noted that all capital assets are valued at *historical cost less depreciation, not market value*. The current market value for land owned by the district is considerably larger than reported here.

Liabilities totaled \$132.2 million on June 30, 2008. General obligation bond debt issued for facility construction and modernization constitutes the majority. Other long-term liabilities include \$1.2 million in outstanding obligations for Certificates of Participation (COPs) and capital leases.

Table A-1
Oceanside Unified School District's Statement of Net Assets

			Total
		Percentage	
	Governmen	Change	
	2007	2008	2007-08
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash	\$ 54,869,707	\$ 51,816,337	-6%
Other	15,601,026	15,808,809	1%
Capital Assets:			
Land	16,718,461	16,825,171	1%
Improvement of Sites	7,383,349	7,481,923	1%
Buildings	169,029,499	204,499,091	21%
Equipment	16,044,359	16,331,870	2%
Work in Progress	32,938,751	13,403,216	-59%
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(44,533,112)	(49,191,869)	10%
Total Assets	268,052,040	276,974,548	3%
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	9,318,238	11,341,529	22%
Long-term Liabilities	122,914,442	120,882,261	-2%
Total Liabilities	132,232,680	132,223,790	0%
Net Assets	\$ 135,819,360	\$ 144,750,758	7%

5

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Changes in Net Assets

Overall, net assets of the Oceanside Unified School District were determined to be \$144.8 million on June 30, 2008. This represents an *increase* of \$8.9 million over the course of the year (Table A-2). The increase in net assets is a reflection of one-time state school facilities grant funds received, added costs for salaries and benefits and modernization of facilities within the district.

Table A-2 Changes in Oceanside Unified School District's Net Assets

			Total
			Percentage
Government	al	Activities	Change
2007		2008	2007-08
\$ 129,575,723		\$ 135,819,360	5%
 135,819,360		144,750,758	7%
\$ 6,243,637		\$ 8,931,398	43%
	2007 \$ 129,575,723 135,819,360	2007 \$ 129,575,723 135,819,360	\$ 129,575,723 \$ 135,819,360 135,819,360 144,750,758

Revenues and Expenditures for Governmental Activities

Overall, the district expended \$199.7 million in 2007-08, whereas revenues totaled \$208.4 million. This represents a \$14 million increase in expenditures from the prior year, mostly related to enrollment growth, interest on long-term debt and increased instructional and pupil services.

Table A-3 on the following page shows that expense related to educating and caring for children account for 81% of total district expenditures. Facilities-related costs account for 11%, while purely administrative costs account for about 5% of total expense.

Total government-wide revenues for 2007-08 were \$208.4 million, an increase of \$16.4 million over the prior year. Users of district programs contributed a portion of this revenue, primarily from cafeteria food sales. The federal and state governments supported certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$64 million. Interest and investment earnings generated \$1.4 million. State and local taxpayers, however, paid most of the cost.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Table A-3 Oceanside Unified School District's Governmental Activities

Total

			Percentage
	 2007	2008	<u>Change</u> 2007-08
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 111,163,725	\$ 119,720,380	8%
Instruction-Related Services	19,105,816	20,229,716	6%
Student Support Services	19,698,679	21,070,009	7%
Maintenance & Operations	20,643,075	21,095,666	-55%
Administration	9,479,840	9,196,107	-12%
Interest and Other Expenditures	5,672,825	8,389,230	48%
Total Expenditures	\$ 185,763,960	\$ 199,701,108	8%
Revenues Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	4,924,053	5,100,736	4%
Grants and Contributions	48,296,073	63,999,255	33%
General Revenues:			
Taxes Levied for General Purposes	42,231,708	45,272,886	7%
Taxes Levied for Debt Services	8,159,842	7,998,376	-2%
Taxes Levied for Other Specific Purposes	(1,335)	-	-100%
State and Federal Unrestricted Aid	83,970,975	82,682,759	-2%
Interest and Investment Earnings	1,758,472	1,425,804	-19%
Miscellaneous	2,667,809	 1,922,153	-28%
Total Revenues	\$ 192,007,597	\$ 208,401,969	9%

7

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT FUNDS

District accounts are organized into various funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting identity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Governmental resources allocated to individual funds are recorded for the purpose of specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations and other requirements. The General Fund serves as the general operating fund for the district. It is used to account for all financial resources of the district except those required to be accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, Capital Project Fund, Debt Service Fund, Proprietary Fund, or Fiduciary Fund.

General Fund

General Fund revenues totaled \$172 million for 2007-08, about the same as the prior year. General Fund expenditures plus transfers totaled \$176.5 million, an increase of 4%. Employee salaries and benefits jointly comprise the largest share of expenditures at 85.1%, and are the most rapidly growing component.

The \$20.4 million ending balance at June 30, 2008, included \$6.97 million reserves designated for economic uncertainty, representing 1% more than the minimum reserves required for California school districts of this size.

Special Revenue Funds

- > The *Child Development Fund* is used to account separately for federal, state and local revenue to operate child development programs for preschool students. State preschool programs operate at several schools serving students from low-income families.
- ➤ The *Adult Education Fund* is used to account separately for state and local revenues for adult education programs. The district operates a small adult education program with a total budget slightly over \$200,000.
- > The *Deferred Maintenance Fund* is used to account separately for state apportionments and district contributions for deferred maintenance purposes. The district completed projects totaling \$1.8 million for painting, heating and ventilation, asphalt repair, flooring and roofing, and ended the year with a balance of \$3.2 million.
- > The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account separately for federal, state and local resources to operate the Child Nutrition program. The program continued to operate on a self-supporting basis by increasing a la carte food sales and reimbursement revenues to offset rising personnel costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2008

Capital Projects Funds

- ➤ The *Building Fund* accounts for the construction of capital facilities and buildings from the sale of bond proceeds. No general Obligation bonds were issued during the year. A carryover balance of \$17.5 million from the previous year, plus interest of \$651,000, provided matching funding for construction of Chavez Middle School. Also, we were able to construct new playgrounds at 3 of our elementary schools; as well as planning for a new performing arts center at Oceanside High School and modernization at several of our elementary and middle schools. Expenditures for facility construction totaled \$10.2 million for the year, in accordance with the Facility Master Plan adopted in 2000.
- > The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees. This year local construction activity generated fee revenue of \$765,000, which is earmarked for facilities to accommodate enrollment growth. \$1.9 million was expended this year, primarily for leasing modular classrooms.
- > The County School Facilities Fund was established to receive apportionments from the State School Facilities Fund for new facility construction and modernization projects. The District received \$18.1 million in 2007-08, that enabled the offset of \$5.4 million in costs incurred to build Foussat Elementary in the previous fiscal year. The remaining \$12.7 million will be utilized for the modernization of El Camino High School.

Debt Service Funds

- The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of district general obligation bonds.
- ➤ The *Tax Override Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources from *ad valor* tax levies for the repayment of State School Building Fund apportionments.

Proprietary Funds

➤ The *Self-Insurance Fund* is used to separate monies associated with the self-insurance activities of the district. Ending balance reserves of \$1.05 million are sufficient to cover district liabilities.

Fiduciary Funds

> *Student Body Funds* are used to account for the activities of student groups. The District serves as fiscal agent for these student funds.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

During 2007-2008, the district invested \$9 million in capital assets, mostly for facility construction and modernization funded from local and state bond proceeds. Construction was completed on the new Chavez Middle School, which opened in February 2008. El Camino High School is currently undergoing modernization, including new classrooms, and will continue into next fiscal year. Planning for a new performing arts center at Oceanside High school is still in the design phase, along with several elementary and middle school projects.

Long-term Debt

The District paid \$2.5 in debt service during the year for repayment of COP obligations, bond redemptions and capital leases. There were no new bonds issued during the year. On net, total debt decreased \$2.0 million during 2007-08.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL FUTURE

On September 23, 2008, Governor Schwarzenegger signed the 2008-09 Budget, ending the longest budget stalemate in California's history. The final spending plan includes \$24.0 billion of "solutions", including \$10.3 billion in spending cuts, \$9.6 billion in revenue-related provisions, and \$4.0 billion in borrowing.

The final budget agreement includes:

- A total of \$10.3 billion in spending reductions, including \$3.3 billion in cuts to "base" K-14 education spending.
- Changes to the budget process that would substantially increase the size of the state's reserve and limit the use of future revenues that exceed anticipated levels. The agreement also would give governors vast new power to unilaterally reduce spending midway through the budget year.
- Assumes that the state will issue bonds backed by lottery proceeds in 2009-10. The budget
 agreement includes provisions aimed at doubling the amount Californians spend on lottery
 purchases and would replace schools' allocation from lottery proceeds with a General Fund
 appropriation equivalent to the amount allocated to education from the lottery in 2008-09. The
 General Fund allocation for education would increase over time based on enrollment and per
 capita personal income growth.
- A one-time shift of \$350 million in property tax revenues from redevelopment agencies to schools and a commensurate reduction in state General Fund support for schools and community colleges.

As signed by the Governor, the 2008-09 Budget provides \$58.1 billion in funding for K-14 education programs under the Proposition 98 guarantee. The Budget reduces "base" K-14 education spending by \$3.3 billion.

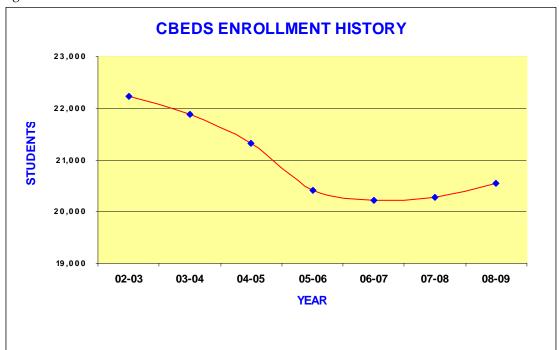
The 2008-09 Budget and related legislation:

- Provide a 0.68 percent COLA to fund revenue limits for school districts and county offices of
 education, which is below the 5.66 percent statutory COLA and the 2.12 percent COLA proposed
 by the Conference Committee. The 2008-09 Budget does not provide a COLA for categorical
 programs, such as class size reduction and instructional materials.
- Do not provide \$150 million in 2008-09 Proposition 98 "settle-up" funds needed to meet prioryear Proposition 98 obligations.
- Proposed to modify Proposition 49, the After School Education and Safety Program (ASES) Act, by submitting a ballot measure to voters in November 2008. However, the Governor vetoed the bill that would have submitted the measure to voters. The measure would have removed Proposition 49's minimum funding level of \$550 million and would have allowed annual ASES budgeting decisions to be made by the Legislature.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (continued)

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, and public charter schools, inter-district transfers in or out, and other causes. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs. While enrollment has stabilized, as opposed to many years of declining enrollment, the district is continuing to closely monitor enrollment to ensure that trends in enrollment are detected early and are budgeted for appropriately.

Figure 1



Looking to the future, the Oceanside Unified School District faces the financial challenge of covering the cost of employee salaries and significant increases in medical premiums as well as other fixed costs with minimal or no state funding increases. Fortunately, the district is no longer experiencing declining enrollment as it has stabilized and is predicted to remain constant in the near future. The leadership team and governing board along with the bargaining units support remain committed to maintaining the fiscal health of the district.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the District Business Office at 2111 Mission Ave., Oceanside, California 92054-2326.

Financial Section

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

	Total
	Governmental
ASSETS	Activities
Cash	\$ 51,816,337
Accounts receivable	14,136,818
Stores	225,788
Prepaid expenses	1,446,203
Capital assets:	
Land	16,825,171
Improvement of sites	7,481,923
Buildings	204,499,091
Furniture and equipment	16,331,870
Work in progress	13,403,216
Less accumulated depreciation	(49,191,869)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	209,349,402
Total assets	276,974,548
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and current liabilities	10,474,454
Deferred revenues	867,075
Long-term liabilities:	007,073
Portion due or payable within one year:	
General obligation bonds payable	2,545,000
Certificates of participation payable	275,000
Capital lease payable	26,000
Compensated absences payable	870,753
Portion due or payable after one year	070,700
General obligation bonds payable	115,905,000
Certificates of participation payable	915,000
Compensated absences payable	710,000
Other postemployment benefits payable	319,508
Capital lease payable	26,000
Total liabilities	132,223,790
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	102,166,438
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	10,715,064
Debt service	6,293,725
Educational programs	10,514,279
Unrestricted	15,061,252
Total Net Assets	\$ 144,750,758

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

					Pro	ogram Revenues			R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			overnmental Activities	
Instructional Services:										
Instruction	\$	119,720,380	\$	2,820,109	\$	25,951,013	\$	18,071,233	\$	(72,878,025)
Instruction-Related Services:										
Supervision of instruction		5,268,227		111,239		3,767,157		-		(1,389,831)
Instructional library, media and technology		2,071,801		3,597		132,107		-		(1,936,097)
School site administration		12,889,688		12,318		3,245,602		-		(9,631,768)
Pupil Support Services:										
Home-to-school transportation		6,754,660		43,521		3,230,070		-		(3,481,069)
Food services		6,044,127		1,762,873		4,493,142		-		211,888
All other pupil services		8,271,222		10,514		1,299,405		-		(6,961,303)
General Administration Services:										
Data processing services		1,631,280		-		-		-		(1,631,280)
Other general administration		7,564,827		99,151		655,798		-		(6,809,878)
Plant services		21,095,666		237,414		1,336,304		-		(19,521,948)
Community services		259,256		_		185,706		_		(73,550)
Enterprise activities		10,658		_		-		-		(10,658)
Ancillary services		152,036		_		_		_		(152,036)
Interest on long-term debt		7,864,529		_		_		_		(7,864,529)
Other outgo		102,751		_		1,631,718		_		1,528,967
Total Governmental Activities	\$	199,701,108	\$	5,100,736	\$	45,928,022	\$	18,071,233		(130,601,117)
	Gene	ral Revenues:								
	Taxes									
		operty taxes, le	baiv	for general r	nurno	202				45,272,886
		perty taxes, le perty taxes, le			•	363				7,998,376
		perty taxes, le perty taxes, le				200				230,539
		al and state aid			uipos	565				230,337
		pecific purpos		restricted						82,682,759
		st and investm		arnings						1,425,804
		llaneous	iciii (currings.						1,922,153
	IVIISCE	naneous	To	tal general re	evenu	es				139,532,517
				6					_	
			Ch	ange in net a	assets					8,931,398
	Net a	ssets - July 1, 20	007							135,819,360
	Net a	ssets - June 30,	2008						\$	144,750,758

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	Ge	eneral Fund	 Building Fund		unty School ilities Fund	All	l Non-Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS		44400 (==	4 4 004 000	Φ.	= 0.47, 40 =	.	10 707 700		50 50 0 (50
Cash	\$	14,103,655	\$ 14,981,829	\$	7,946,495	\$	13,706,680	\$	50,738,659
Inventories		49,428	112 427		- 07.021		176,360		225,788
Accounts receivable		12,130,568	113,427		96,031		1,594,117		13,934,143
Due from other funds		450,141	260		-		101,817		552,218
Prepaid expenses		625,270	 				-		625,270
Total Assets	\$	27,359,062	\$ 15,095,516	\$	8,042,526	\$	15,578,974	\$	66,076,078
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	6,046,810	\$ 1,393,737	\$	600,219	\$	236,898	\$	8,277,664
Due to other funds		87,447	2,482		-		462,289		552,218
Deferred revenue		867,075	-				-		867,075
Total Liabilities		7,001,332	 1,396,219		600,219		699,187		9,696,957
Fund Balances									
Reserved for:									
Revolving cash		80,000	_		-		10,000		90,000
Inventories		49,428	_		-		176,360		225,788
Prepaid expenses		625,270	-		-		-		625,270
Categorical programs		10,395,207	-		-		119,072		10,514,279
Debt service fund		-	-		-		6,293,725		6,293,725
Unreserved; reported in:									
General fund		9,367,825	-		-		-		9,367,825
Capital project funds		=	13,699,297		7,442,307		3,272,757		24,414,361
Special revenue funds		_	-		-		5,007,873		5,007,873
Total Fund Balances		20,357,730	13,699,297		7,442,307		14,879,787		56,379,121
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	27,359,062	\$ 15,095,516	\$	8,042,526	\$	15,578,974	\$	66,076,078

Total net assets - governmental activities

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30,2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	56,379,121						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are								
different because capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources								
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the								
assets is \$258,541,271 and the accumulated depreciation is (\$49,191,869).		209,349,402						
In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period								
they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs are amortized over the								
life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs included in prepaid expense on the statement of								
net assets are:		792,670						
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was: Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:								
General obligations payable \$ 118,450,000								
Compensated absences 870,753								
Other Postemployment Benefits payable 319,508								
Certificates of participation payable 1,190,000								
Capital leases payable 52,000								
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Net assets								
for internal service funds are:		1,047,443						

\$ 144,750<u>,</u>758

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	General Fund	Bı.	uilding Fund	nty School ities Fund	All	l Non-Major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$ 43,095,78	5 \$	-	\$ -	\$	8,228,915	\$	51,324,700
Federal and state aid not restricted								
to specific purpose	84,859,85	9	-	-		-		84,859,859
Earnings on investments	1,062,18	1	-	-		363,622		1,425,803
Miscellaneous	1,540,34	3	-	-		381,810		1,922,153
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	3,268,58	3	-	-		1,832,154		5,100,737
Operating grants and contributions	38,473,44	5	651,544	-		6,803,034		45,928,023
Capital grants and contributions				 18,071,233		-		18,071,233
Total revenues	172,300,19	6	651,544	18,071,233		17,609,535		208,632,508
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional Services:								
Instruction	114,569,33	9	-	-		982,014		115,551,353
Instruction-Related Services:	,,					, ,		-,,
Supervision of instruction	5,030,29	4	_	_		234,445		5,264,739
Instructional library, media and technology	2,301,18		_	_		-		2,301,189
School site administration	12,685,41		_	_		_		12,685,411
Pupil Support Services:	12,000,11	•						12,000,111
Home-to-school transportation	6,623,46	3	_	_		_		6,623,463
Food services	1,81					6,006,028		6,007,840
All other pupil services	8,246,83					8,194		8,255,026
General Administration Services:	0,240,00	2				0,174		0,233,020
Data processing services	1,660,13	5						1,660,135
			-	-		206 601		
Other general administration Plant services	6,947,75		944,613	15,418		286,681		7,234,438
	17,565,30		*	5,377,816		2,291,445		20,816,783
Facility acquisition and construction	39,92		9,253,826	3,377,816		1,467,775		16,139,345
Ancillary services	151,77		-	-		-		151,774
Community services	258,85	2	-	-		-		258,852
Other outgo:	51.46	0						54 400
Transfers between agencies	74,48		-	-		-		74,488
Debt service - principal	291,00		-	-		2,245,000		2,536,000
Debt service - interest	68,37		-	-		5,832,269		5,900,647
Debt service - issuance costs and discounts	1,29	9		 				1,299
Total Expenditures	176,517,25	8	10,198,439	5,393,234		19,353,851		211,462,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,217,06	2)	(9,546,895)	12,677,999		(1,744,316)		(2,830,274)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interfund transfers in	-		5,745,774	-		2,405,568		8,151,342
Interfund transfers out	(2,405,56	8)		 (5,745,774)		-		(8,151,342)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(2,405,56	8)	5,745,774	(5,745,774)		2,405,568		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,622,63	0)	(3,801,121)	 6,932,225		661,252		(2,830,274)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2007,	26,980,36	0	17,500,418	 510,082		14,218,535		59,209,395
Fund Balances, June 30, 2008	\$ 20,357,73	0 \$	13,699,297	\$ 7,442,307	\$	14,879,787	\$	56,379,121

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (2,830,274)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$16,766,529 exceed depreciation expense (\$4,966,579) in the period.	11,799,950
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	2,536,000
Debt issue costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issue costs recognized in the current period and issue costs amortized for the period is:	(26,964)
Gain or loss from disposal of capital assets: In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(31,854)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	(1,963,881)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:	(184,311)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contribution was:	(319,508)
Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net decrease in internal service funds was:	(47,760)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 8,931,398

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fund Assets – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities: Self-Insurance Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,077,678	
Accounts receivable		202,675	
Total Assets		1,280,353	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		232,910	
Total liabilities		232,910	
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted		1,047,443	
Total net assets	\$	1,047,443	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities: Self-Insurance Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Contributions from other funds	\$ 1,980,885	
Total operating revenues	1,980,885	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance expense	2,069,932	
Total operating expenses	2,069,932	
Operating Income (Loss)	(89,047)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income	41,287	
Total Non-Operating Revenue	41,287	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(47,760)	
NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2007	1,095,203	
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2008	\$ 1,047,443	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_
Cash received from assessments made to other funds	\$	1,791,304
Cash payments for insurance expenses		(1,837,022)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(45,718)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income		41,287
Net cash provided by investing activities		41,287
Net increase in cash		(4,431)
Cash, July 1, 2007		1,082,109
Cash, June 30, 2008	\$	1,077,678
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used		
by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	(89,047)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		(189,581)
Decrease in claims payable		232,910
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(45,718)

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Funds June 30, 2008

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS			
Deposits and Investments	\$	608,344	
Total Assets	\$	608,344	
LIABILITIES Due to Student Crowns	¢	608 244	
Due to Student Groups	>	608,344	
Total Liabilities	\$	608,344	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all fund, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the component units that satisfy GASB Statement No. 14 criteria.

Accountability:

- 1. The District's Board of Trustees appointed the corporation's board of directors.
- 2. The District is able to impose its will upon the corporation, based on the following:
 - a. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the corporation must have the consent of the District.
 - b. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the corporation, as the District is the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the corporation. Likewise, the District's lease payments are the major revenue source of the corporation.
- 3. The corporation provides specific financial benefits or imposes specific financial burdens on the District, based on the following:
 - Any deficits incurred by the corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District.
 - b. Any surpluses of the corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
 - c. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the corporations.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (continued)

Scope of Public Service:

The corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The corporation was formed for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to the District for the financing of construction and acquisition of major capital facilities and modernization of existing school sites. The District will lease certain school facilities from the corporation under a lease-purchase agreement.

Financial Presentation:

For financial presentation purposes, the corporation's financial activity will be blended, or combined, with the financial data of the District. The financial statements will present the corporation's financial activity within the General Fund. Certificates of Participation issued by the corporation will be included in the Statement of Net Assets. Separate financial statements for the individual component units are not prepared.

B. Accounting Policies

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the district.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities have been eliminated, including due to/from other funds and transfers in/out.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the district, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the district. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather that reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All government funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the proprietary fund's Statement of Fund Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets for proprietary funds present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenditures) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the district finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other fund for self insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collected within the current period or within 60 days after year end.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the district must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the district on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major, non-major, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Building Fund* is used to account for the acquisition of major governmental capital facilities and buildings from the sale of bond proceeds.

The *County School Facilities Fund* is used to account for state apportionments provided for modernization of school facilities under SB50.

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District maintains four non-major special revenue funds:

- 1. The *Adult Education Fund* is used to account for resources committed to adult education programs maintained by the District.
- 2. The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food service operations.
- 3. The *Deferred Maintenance Fund* is used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of District property.
- 4. The *Child Development Fund* is used to account separately for federal, state and local revenue to operate child development programs for preschool students. State preschool programs operate at several schools serving students from low income families.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Fund Accounting (continued)

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of major governmental general fixed assets. The District maintains one non-major capital projects fund:

1. The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District maintains one non-major debt service fund:

1. The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, District bonds, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for services rendered on a cost-reimbursement basis within the District. The District maintains one internal service fund, the Self-Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains two agency funds, one for each school that operates a student body fund. The amounts reported for student body funds represent the combined totals of all schools within the District.

F. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all government funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. It is the original and final revised budget that is presented for the General Fund in the financial statements.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

H. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash held in the county treasury is recorded at cost, which approximates fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

Stores Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

3. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives					
Buildings and Improvements	25-50 years					
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years					
Vehicles	8 years					

4. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Deferred revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

5. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Accumulated unpaid vacation benefits are accrued as a liability on the government-wide statement of net assets as the benefits are earned. For governmental funds, unpaid compensated absences are recognized as a fund liability only upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignation and retirements that occur prior to year end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded as accounts payable in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (continued)

6. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as prepaid expenditures and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, or discounts is reported as other financing sources/uses.

7. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

Reservations of the ending fund balance indicate the portions of the fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. Designations of the ending fund balance indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

8. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by donors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Revenue Limit/Property Tax

The District's revenue limit is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The county is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding March 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (March 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll – approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. Because the District's local property tax revenue exceeds its total base revenue limit, the District receives from the state General Fund only an amount known as "basic aid". The basic aid entitlement is equal to amounts for various other supplemental instructional programs.

J. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. New GASB Pronouncements

During the 2007-08 fiscal year, the following GASB Pronouncements became effective for the District.

GASB Statement No. 48-Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues was issued in September 2006. This statement establishes criteria that governments use to ascertain whether proceed received as lump sum payment in exchange for certain receivables should be reported as a revenue or liability. The District had no such transactions during the year.

GASB Statement No. 50-Pension Disclosures-and amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No.27 was issued in May 2007. This statement amends statements 25 and 27 to require defined benefit pension plans and sole and agent employers present certain information related to note disclosures.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2008 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Pı	roprietary	Fi	duciary
		funds		funds	funds	
Cash in county treasury	\$	50,202,424	\$	1,077,678	\$	-
Cash on hand and in banks		93,402		-		608,344
Cash in revolving fund		90,000		-		-
Cash with fiscal agent		352,833		-		-
Total deposits	\$	50,738,659	\$	1,077,678	\$	608,344

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Cash in County Treasury – The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent – The District has short-term cash equivalent investments held with the Bank of New York Trust Department for the Certificates of Participation facilities financing.

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are described below:

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury and in Money Market Mutual Fund U.S. Treasury Fund obligations. The District maintains an investment with the San Diego County Investment Pool with a fair value of approximately \$51,454,455 and an amortized book value of \$51,280,102. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 427 days. In addition, the District maintains investments in JP Morgan money market funds with an amortized cost of \$353,833. Fair value for this investment approximates amortized cost.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the San Diego County Investment Pool is rated by Moody's Investor Service. The investment with JP Morgan money market funds is rated by Moody's Investor Service.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2008, \$754,608 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. District investments that are greater than 5 percent of total investments are in either an external investment pool or mutual funds and are therefore exempt.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2008 consist of the following:

				Non-Major								
					Cou	nty School	Go	vernmental	Proprietary			
	Ge	neral Fund	Buile	ding Fund	Faci	lities Fund		Funds	Funds		Total	
Federal government												
Categorical aid	\$	1,785,191	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,189,893	\$	-	\$	2,975,084
State government												
Revenue limit		4,721,536		-		-		6,006		-		4,727,542
Categorical aid		303,300		-		-		334,841		-		638,141
Lottery		834,472		-		-		-		-		834,472
Class size reduction		84,932		-		-		-		-		84,932
Local sources												
Interest		238,167		113,427		96,031		48,828		8,703		505,156
Miscellaneous	_	4,162,970		-		-		14,549		193,972		4,371,491
Total	\$	12,130,568	\$	113,427	\$	96,031	\$	1,594,117	\$	202,675	\$	14,136,818

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 is shown below:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance					Balance
	July 1, 2007	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2008
Land	\$ 16,718,461	\$	106,710	\$	-	\$ 16,825,171
Site improvements	7,383,348		98,575		-	7,481,923
Buildings and improvements	169,029,497		35,469,594		-	204,499,091
Furniture and equipment	16,044,359		627,184		339,673	16,331,870
Work in progress	32,938,750		8,609,914		28,145,448	13,403,216
Total at historical cost	\$ 242,114,415	\$	44,911,977	\$	28,485,121	\$ 258,541,271
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Site improvements	(3,879,996)		(2,637)		-	(3,882,633)
Buildings	(29,558,545)		(3,760,342)		-	(33,318,887)
Furniture and equipment	(11,094,568)		(1,203,600)		(307,819)	(11,990,349)
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,533,109)		(4,966,579)		(307,819)	(49,191,869)
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	\$ 197,581,306	\$	39,945,398	\$	28,177,302	\$ 209,349,402

Depreciation expense is allocated to the following functions in the statement of activities.

Instruction	\$ 4,103,639
Supervision of Instruction	1,499
Instructional Library, Media, and Te	57,289
School Site Administration	179,301
Home-to-School Transportation	120,579
Food Services	51,069
All Other Pupil Services	382
All Other General Administration	110,728
Data Processing Services	23,037
Plant Services	319,056
Total	\$ 4,966,579

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Due From/Due To Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

		I					
	Non-Major						
	G	eneral	Bu	ilding	Governmental		
]	Fund]	Fund		Funds	 Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,482	\$	447,659	\$ 450,141
Building Fund		260		-		-	260
Non-Major Governmental Funds		87,187		-		14,630	 101,817
Total	\$	87,447	\$	2,482	\$	462,289	\$ 552,218
General Fund due to Child Develop		\$ 13,753					
General Fund due to Cafeteria Fund	70,073						
General Fund due to Deferred Mair	ntenano	ce Fund for o	contribu	ution-state r	natch		313
General Fund due to Capital Facilit	ies Fur	d for sales t	ax cred	it			4
General Fund due to Adult Educati	ion Fur	nd for PY Ap	portion	nment			3,045
General Fund due to Building Fund	l for cle	erical expens	ses				260
Adult Education Fund due to Gene	ral Fur	nd for Office	Depot				15,610
Child Development Fund due to Go	eneral l	Fund for pre	eschoo	l rent			46,655
Child Development Fund due to Go	eneral l	Fund for Off	ice Dep	oot			62,150
Child Development Fund due to Ca	afeteria	Fund for ca	feteria	sales			14,630
Cafeteria Fund due to General Fund		175,407					
Cafeteria Fund due to General Fund	ers	135,231					
Building Fund due to General Fund		2,481					
Capital Facilities Fund due to Gene		12,606					
		Total					\$ 552,218

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving resources to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for the 2007-08 fiscal year consisted of the following:

	Interfund Transfer Out							
	General Non-Major			on-Major				
		Fund		Funds	Total			
Building Fund	\$	-	\$	5,745,774	\$ 5,745,774			
Other Governmental Funds		2,405,568		_	2,405,568			
Total	\$	2,405,568	\$	5,745,774	\$ 8,151,342			
Transfer from the County Facilities Fund to the Bu	ıildiı	ng Fund for o	constr	uction	\$ 5,745,774			
Transfer from the General Fund to Deferred Main	tena	nce for State	requi	red match	2,405,568			
			7	Гotal	\$ 8,151,342			

NOTE 6 – GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2008 is shown below:

	 Balance July 1, 2007	Additions and Adjustments		Deductions an Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2008		Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 120,695,000	\$	-	\$	2,245,000	\$	118,450,000	2,545,000
Capital leases	78,000		-		26,000		52,000	26,000
Certificates of participation	1,455,000		-		265,000		1,190,000	275,000
Compensated absences	686,442		184,311		-		870,753	870,753
Other postemployment benefits	 -		319,508				319,508	
	\$ 122,914,442	\$	503,819	\$	2,536,000	\$	120,882,261	\$ 3,716,753

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 6 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The outstanding bonded debt of Oceanside Unified School District at June 30, 2008 is:

Issue	Matutity	Interest	Original	Beginning				Ending
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	Balance	Issuec	<u>l</u>	Redeemed	Balance
06/15/00	08/01/30	5.0-8.0%	\$ 9,500,000	\$ 8,730,000	\$ -		\$ 175,000	\$ 8,555,000
05/17/01	08/01/31	4.0-7.0%	20,000,000	18,545,000	-		390,000	18,155,000
03/21/02	08/01/32	4.1-7.0%	20,000,000	18,945,000	-		390,000	18,555,000
05/05/04	08/01/33	3.0-5.0%	25,000,000	24,340,000	-		490,000	23,850,000
06/22/05	08/01/04	3.0-5.0%	25,000,000	24,635,000	-		455,000	24,180,000
06/20/06	08/01/35	4.0-7.0%	25,500,000	25,500,000	-		345,000	25,845,000
			\$125,000,000	\$120,695,000	\$ -		\$ 2,245,000	\$118,450,000
						_		

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total
2008-09	\$ 2,425,000	\$	5,696,406	\$	8,121,406
2009-10	2,545,000		5,554,956		8,099,956
2010-11	2,685,000		5,409,486		8,094,486
2011-12	2,825,000		5,263,246		8,088,246
2012-13	2,950,000		5,124,569		8,074,569
2013-2018	16,915,000		23,470,503		40,385,503
2019-2023	21,275,000		18,994,873		40,269,873
2024-2028	26,830,000		13,199,411		40,029,411
2029-2033	31,165,000		5,844,087		37,009,087
2034-2036	8,835,000		491,601		9,326,601
Total	\$ 118,450,000	\$	89,049,139	\$	207,499,139

Proposition H General Obligation Bond Authorization

On June 3, 2008, the voters in the District passed by 71% Proposition H, a \$195 million general obligation bond authorization. With the passing of Proposition H, the District will continue modernization plans for as many as 19 campuses district-wide. Bond funds will be supplemented with state matching funds and other funding sources to help complete the work. As of June 30, 2008, none of the Proposition H bonds were issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 6 – GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Capital Leases

The District leases equipment under agreements that provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Lease Payment				
2008-2009	\$	26,000			
2009-2010		26,000			
Present Value of Net					
Minimum Lease Payments	\$	52,000			

The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals for the equipment.

C. Certificates of Participation

On September 9, 1997 the Oceanside Unified School District issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$4,500,000 for the construction of certain improvements through the Oceanside Unified School Facilities Corporation and having stated interest rates ranging from 4.1% to 5.0%. At June 30, 2008 the principal balance outstanding on the certificates was \$1,190,000.

The certificates mature through 2012 as follows:

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	Interest		Total
2008-2009	\$	275,000	\$	55,671	\$ 330,671
2009-2010		290,000		42,053	332,053
2010-2011		305,000		27,500	332,500
2011-2012		320,000		12,000	332,000
Totals	\$	1,190,000	\$	137,224	\$ 1,327,224

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

B. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2008, there was \$18,844,861 in outstanding construction commitments to construction, engineering and architectural firms related to the new construction and modernization of various school sites.

NOTE 8 - JOINT VENTURES (Joint Powers Agreement)

The Oceanside Unified School District participates in one joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA), the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA (RM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA arranges for and provides workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of the JPA independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPA.

Condensed audited financial information for the most currently available year ended June 30, 2007 is as follows:

	RM
Total Assets	\$ 91,261,574
Total Liabilities	44,556,823
Fund Equity	\$ 46,704,751
Total Revenue	\$ 53,931,705
Total Expenditures	40,909,826
Net Income	\$ 13,021,879

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

Plan Description and Provisions

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2007-08 was 9.306%. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District made \$2,901,327, in contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, \$2,610,842 in contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, which represents 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2007-08 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$7,628,994, \$7,348,583, and \$6,578,447, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to STRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$7,126,056 million to STRS (4.517% of salaries subject to STRS in 2007-08 and 2.237% of salaries subject to STRS in 2003-04).

NOTE 10- RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts, damage to District assets, errors and omissions, employee injuries and natural disasters. The District participates in a public entity risk pool, as described in Note 8, is self-insured for dental and vision benefits and purchases commercial insurance coverage for other types of risk. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCES

The following amounts were designated as follows:

	Ge	General Fund		
Economic Uncertainties	\$	6,967,434		
Other Designations		2,240,390		
Total	\$	9,207,825		

NOTE 12 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

As of June 30, 2008, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual funds as follows:

Appropriations Category	Excess	Expenditures
General Fund:		
Certificated Salaries	\$	475,108
Classified Salaries		339,258
Other Outgo		12,960
Total	\$	827,326

NOTE 13 – TAX REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES

The District issued \$6,000,000 of Tax Revenue Anticipation on dated July 1, 2008 through the County of San Diego and San Diego School District pool, Series 2008. The notes mature on June 30, 2009 and yield 1.63% interest. The notes were sold by the District to supplement its cash flow.

The funds will be held with the San Diego County Treasurer, unless and until the District needs to draw funds out. The District repaid on June 20, 2009, \$6,000,000 in principal plus \$209,416 in interest.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 14 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Oceanside Unified School District administers single-employer defined benefit other postemployment plan (OPEB) that provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #45, Accounting and Financial reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in 2007-08.

<u>Plan Description and Contribution Information</u>

Membership in the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits*	139
Active plan members*	1616
Total	1755

^{*} As of May 10, 2006

Number of participating employers

1

To be eligible the employee must have twenty years of service with the District and be between the age of fifty-five and the age of Medicare eligibility or be approved for STRS or PERS disability retirement within thirty-none months of his/her fifty-five year birthday. Dependents of retirees are not eligible for benefits. The benefits are capped at age 65 and at \$1,800 per year, as of the May 10, 2006 actuarial valuation date.

The District's funding policy is based on the projected pay-as you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the governing board. For fiscal year 2007-08, the District contributed \$319,508, which is 42% of the annual required contribution.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 14 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 756,061
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-
Annual OPEB cost	756,061
Contributions made	436,553
Increase in net OPEB obligation	319,508
Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2007	-
Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2008	\$ 319,508

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2007-08 are as follows:

	P	Annual			Net
Year Ended	R	equired	Percentage		OPEB
June 30,	Contribution		Contributed	Ol	oligation
2008	\$	756,061	0%	\$	319,508

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress – OPEB Plans</u>

As of May 10, 2006, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$8.9 million and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$8.9 million.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events for into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designated to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date 5/10/2006

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level-dollar basis

Remaining amortization period 28 years

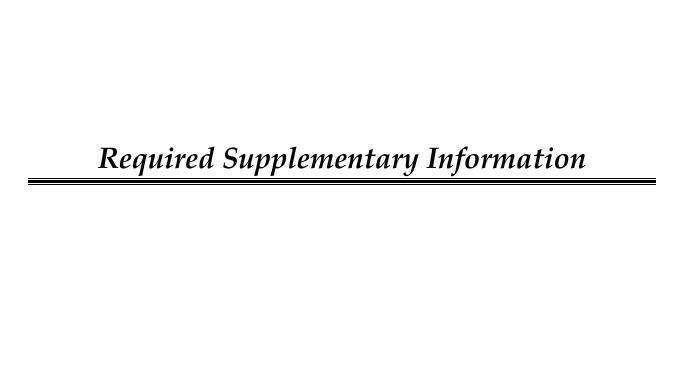
Market value basis

Actuarial Assumptions:

Asset Valuation

Investment rate of return 5%

Healthcare cost trend rate 4%



OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund June 30, 2008

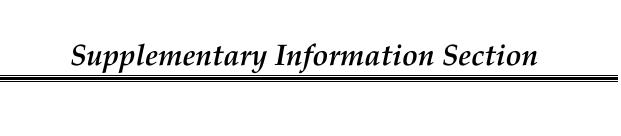
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget - Pos (Neg)	
Revenues					
Revenue Limit Sources	\$ 111,342,060	\$ 111,568,054	\$ 111,802,679	\$ 234,625	
Federal	17,360,298	16,138,991	16,473,204	334,213	
Other State	26,650,609	29,418,334	28,761,776	(656,558)	
Other Local	13,488,207	15,450,518	15,262,537	(187,981)	
Total Revenues	168,841,174	172,575,897	172,300,196	(275,701)	
Expenditures					
Certificated Salaries	89,788,615	91,406,869	91,881,977	(475,108)	
Classified Salaries	27,950,087	28,051,616	28,390,874	(339,258)	
Employee Benefits	30,066,838	30,012,391	29,999,398	12,993	
Books and Supplies	12,002,528	11,249,319	11,126,158	123,161	
Services and Other Operating Expenditures	14,087,868	14,432,801	14,321,137	111,664	
Capital Outlay	178,390	646,700	637,266	9,434	
Other Outgo	450,378	424,416	433,866	(9,450)	
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	(249,368)	(286,378)	(273,418)	(12,960)	
Total Expenditures	174,275,336	175,937,734	176,517,258	(579,524)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,434,162)	(3,361,837)	(4,217,062)	(855,225)	
Other Financing Sources and Uses Interfund transfers out	(845,300)	(2,405,568)	(2,405,568)		
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(845,300)	(2,405,568)	(2,405,568)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)	((270 4(2)	(F 7/7 40F)	(((22 (20)	(OFF 22F)	
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(6,279,462)	(5,767,405)	(6,622,630)	(855,225)	
Fund Balances, July 1, 2007	26,980,360	26,980,360	26,980,360	3,285,715	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2008	\$ 20,700,898	\$ 21,212,955	\$ 20,357,730	\$ (855,225)	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following schedule shows the District's actuarially determined funding progress for other postemployment benefits.

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial					UAAL as a
Actuarial		Accrued	Į	Jnfunded			Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Liability		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
May 10, 2006	\$ -	\$ 8,958,856	\$	8,958,856	0%	\$ 110,971,050	8%



OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Local Education Agency Organization Structure June 30, 2008

The Oceanside Unified School District was established in 1970. The district boundaries encompass the city of Oceanside, as well as part of Marine Corps Base-Camp Pendleton. There were no changes in the boundaries of the district during the current year. The district provides primary and secondary education for all students within the district boundaries. The district is currently operating twenty-five schools: Cesar Chavez Middle School, Challenges Community Day School, Clair W. Burgener Academy, Del Rio Elementary, Ditmar Elementary, El Camino High, Garrison Elementary, Ivey Ranch Elementary, Jefferson Middle, King Middle, Laurel Elementary, Libby Elementary, Lincoln Middle, McAuliffe Elementary, Mission Elementary, Nichols Elementary, North Terrace Elementary, Ocean Shores High, Oceanside High, Pacifica Elementary, Palmquist Elementary, Reynolds Elementary, San Luis Rey Elementary, Santa Margarita Elementary, South Oceanside Elementary, and Stuart Mesa Elementary.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Janet Bledsoe Lacy	President	December, 2010
Adrianne Hakes, Ed. D.	Vice President	December, 2008
Roy Youngblood	Clerk	December, 2008
Lillian V. Adams	Member	December, 2010
Emily Ortiz Wichmann	Member	December, 2010

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Larry Perondi Superintendent

Dr. Robyn Phillips
Associate Superintendent, Business Services

Dr. Luis Ibarra Associate Superintendent, Human Resources

Jose Banda Associate Superintendent, Education Services

Karen Huddleston *Controller*

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Average Daily Attendance Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Elementary:		
Kindergarten	1,618	1,618
Grades 1 Through 3	4,619	4,613
Grades 4 Through 6	4,343	4,326
Grades 7 and 8	2,731	2,724
Home and Hospital	4	4
Special Education	493	498
Community Day School	4	6
Total Elementary	13,813	13,789
Secondary:		
Grades 9 Through 12, regular classes	4,834	4,780
Continuation Education	183	186
Home and Hospital	8	10
Special Education	240	239
Opportunity Schools	118	112
Total Secondary	5,384	5,327
Classes for Adults:		
Not Concurrently Enrolled	68	69
Total Adult Classes	68	69
Total Average Daily Attendance	19,264	19,184
Supplemental Instruction Hours	Hours of Attendance	
	_	
Elementary	6,637	
Secondary	180,199	

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2008

	1982-83	1986-87 Minutes	1 2007-2008	Number of Days Traditional	
Grade Level	Actual Minutes	Requirement	Actual Minutes	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	36,000	180	Complied
Grade 1	45,000	50,400	53,125	180	Complied
Grade 2	45,000	50,400	53,125	180	Complied
Grade 3	45,000	50,400	53,125	180	Complied
Grade 4	50,000	54,000	54,495	180	Complied
Grade 5	50,000	54,000	54,495	180	Complied
Grade 6	50,000	54,000	54,495	180	Complied
Grade 7	55,000	54,000	62,730	180	Complied
Grade 8	55,000	54,000	62,730	180	Complied
Grade 9	61,300	64,800	66,630	180	Complied
Grade 10	61,300	64,800	66,630	180	Complied
Grade 11	61,300	64,800	66,630	180	Complied
Grade 12	61,300	64,800	66,630	180	Complied

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

General Fund	(Budget) 2009***	2008	2007	2006
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 166,921,024	\$ 172,300,196	\$ 172,399,273	\$ 160,986,684
Expenditures, other uses and transfers out	168,360,940	174,111,690	170,482,309	156,257,932
Change in fund balance (deficit)	(1,439,916)	(6,622,630)	1,916,964	4,728,752
Ending fund balance	\$ 18,917,814	\$ 20,357,730	\$ 26,980,360	\$ 25,063,396
Available reserves*	\$ 7,866,290	\$ 6,967,434	\$ 10,422,831	\$ 12,398,770
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	4.7%	4.0%	6.1%	7.9%
Total long-term debt	\$ 117,165,508	\$ 120,882,261	\$ 122,914,442	\$ 99,374,557
Average daily attendance at P-2**	19,130	19,196	19,179	19,364

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$4,705,666 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2007-08 adopted budget projects a decrease of \$1,439,916. For a district of this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

^{*} Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty in the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay.

^{**}Excludes adult education and county operated programs ADA

^{***} Adopted September 2008

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	2007-08 Federal Expenditures
Federal Programs:			
U.S.Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through California Dept. of Education (CDE):			
Needy School Breakfast	10.553	13526	\$ 856,391
National School Lunch	10.555	13523	3,234,657
Summer Food Service	10.559	13004	92,687
Total U.S.Department of Agriculture			4,183,735
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through California Dept. of Education (CDE):			
No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB)			
Title I, Basic School Support	84.010	13797	4,111,885
Title I, Part A, Program Improvement District Intervention	84.010A	14581	496,008
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology	84.318	14334	49,956
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	1,192,080
Title II, Part A, Principal Training	84.367	14334	243
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	14346	80,621
Title III - Limited English Proficiency	84.365	10084	617,670
Title IV, Safe and Drug Free Schools	84.186	14347	61,637
Title V, Part A, Innovative Education Strategies	84.298	14354	21,167
Vocational Education	84.048	13924	170,488
Migrant Education	84.011	14326	278,862
School Based Student Drug Testing	84.011	n/a	165,230
Unrestricted: Federal Impact-Aid-Unrestricted	84.041	10015	5,273,543
Adult Basic Education Act:			
English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109	52,250
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA):			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	13379	3,260,178
Preschool Staff Development	84.173	13431	996
Preschool Grants, Part B	84.173	13430	347,903
Total U.S.Department of Education			16,180,717
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:			
Passed through California Dept of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Billing Options	93.778	10013	113,690
Child Dev: Infant/Toddler Child Care	93.575	13942	2,973
Child Dev Quality Improvement	93.575	14130	3,465
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			120,128
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 20,484,580

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2008

There were no differences between the annual financial and budget report and the audited financial statements.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Excess Sick Leave June 30, 2008

Section 19833.5 (a	a)(3	or ((a)	1(3)(b) aisciosure
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Oceanside Unified School District does not provide more than 12 sick leave days in a school year to any CalSTRS member.

Schedule of Charter Schools

Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following charter schools are chartered by the Oceanside Unified School District:

Charter Schools	Included
Pacific View Charter School	No
School of Business and Technology Charter School	No
Coastal Academy Charter School	No

Note to the Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirement, whichever is greater, as required by Education Code section 46201.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Sub-recipients

Of the Federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the District provided no Federal awards to subrecipients.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Note to the Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Excess Leave

This schedule provides information on whether the District grants excess sick leave, as that term is defined in subdivision (c) of Education Code Section 22170.5, to employees who are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School and whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.





A Professional
Accountancy Corporation

Jeff Nigro, CPA
Elizabeth Nigro, CPA
Christy White, CPA

MURRIETA OFFICE PH: 951.698.8783 FAX: 951.699.1064 25090 Jefferson Avenue Murrieta, CA 92562

SAN DIEGO OFFICE PH: 619.270.8222 FAX: 619.260.9085 2727 Camino Del Rio S. Suite 219 San Diego, CA 92108

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- American Institute of CPAs
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- California Association of School Business Officials
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WEBSITE www.nnwcpa.com

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Board of Trustees Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of Oceanside Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be presented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oceanside Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California

Rizio Rigio & White, PC

December 5, 2008



A Professional
Accountancy Corporation

Jeff Nigro, CPA
Elizabeth Nigro, CPA
Christy White, CPA

MURRIETA OFFICE
PH: 951.698.8783
FAX: 951.699.1064
25090 Jefferson Avenue
Murrieta, CA 92562

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Oceanside Unified School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. Oceanside Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Oceanside Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Oceanside Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Oceanside Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Oceanside Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of Oceanside Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Oceanside Unified School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, others within the entity, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California

Rigio Rigio & White, PC

December 5, 2008



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Elizabeth Nigro, CPA
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Board of Trustees Oceanside Unified School District Oceanside, California

AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Oceanside Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2008. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies* 2007-08, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The District's management is responsible for the District's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures in	Procedures
Description	Audit Guide	Performed
Attendance Accounting:		
Attendance Reporting	8	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	Yes
Continuation Education	10	Yes
Adult Education	9	No (see below)
Regional Occupational Centers and Programs	6	Not applicable
Instructional Time:		
School Districts	6	Yes
County Offices of Education	3	Not applicable
Community Day Schools	9	No(see below)
Morgan-Hart Class Size Reduction Program	7	Yes

	Procedures in	Procedures
Description	Audit Guide	Performed
Instructional Materials:		
General Requirements	12	Yes
K-8 only	1	Yes
Grades 9-12 only	1	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive Program	4	Not applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Construction Funds:		
School District Bonds	3	Yes
State School Facilities Funds	1	Yes
Excess Sick Leave	2	Yes
Notice of Right to Elect CalSTRS Membership	1	Yes
Proposition 20 Lottery Funds	2	Yes
State Lottery Funds	2	Yes
California School Age Families Education (Cal-SAFE) Program	3	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Mathematics and Reading Professional Development	4	Yes
Class Size Reduction Program:		
General Requirements	7	Yes
Option One	3	Yes
Option Two	4	Not applicable
Districts with only one school serving K-3	4	Not applicable
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General Requirements	4	Not applicable
After School	4	Not applicable
Before School	5	Not applicable
Charter Schools:		
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance	1	Not applicable
Mode of Instruction	1	Not applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	15	Not applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	3	Not applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	3	Not applicable

We did not perform testing for Adult Education and Community Day School because the ADA was under the level that requires testing.

Based on our audit, we found that, for the items tested, the Oceanside Unified School District complied with the state laws and regulations referred to above. Further, based on our examination, for items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the Oceanside Unified School District had not complied with the state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Diego, California

Rizio Migeo & White, PC

December 5, 2008



Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued Unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? No No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? No Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a) No Identification of major programs: **CFDA Numbers** Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553-10.565 **NSLP Cluster** Title III - LEP 84.365 84.318 Title II, Part D - EETT 84.041 Federal Impact Aid Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: 614,537 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes State Awards Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? No

69

Unqualified

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for

state programs:

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the reportable conditions, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Pursuant to Assembly Bill (AB) 3627, all audit findings must be identified as one or more of the following categories:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Types
10000	Attendance
20000	Inventory of Equipment
30000	Internal Control
40000	State Compliance
41000	CalSTRS
50000	Federal Compliance
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no audit findings related to the financial statements in 2007-08.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the audit findings required to be reported by Circular A-133, Section .510(a) (e.g., reportable conditions, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs).

There were no audit findings and questioned costs related to federal awards during 2007-08.

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the audit findings pertaining to noncompliance with state program rules and regulations.

There were no audit findings and questioned costs related to state awards during 2007-08

OCEANSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2008

There were no audit findings and questioned costs during 2006-07.